

2016/SMEWG42/031

Agenda: 19.6

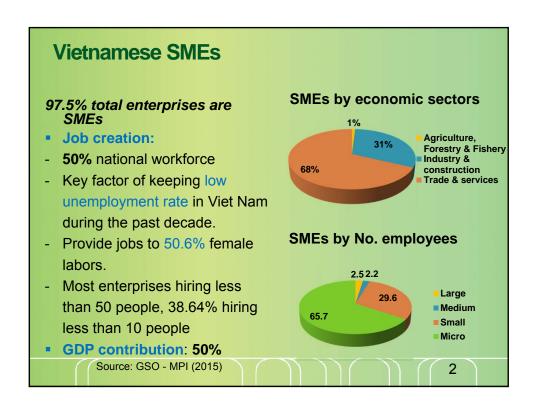
Promote SME Innovation in Viet Nam Agriculture Sector

Purpose: Information Submitted by: Viet Nam



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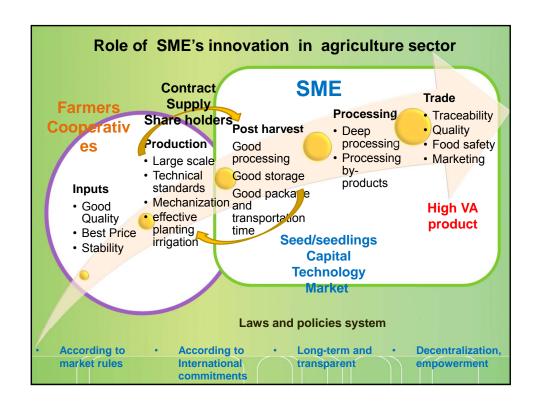
Promote SME innovation in Viet Nam agriculture sector Agency for Enterprise Development Ministry of Planning & Investment Viet Nam

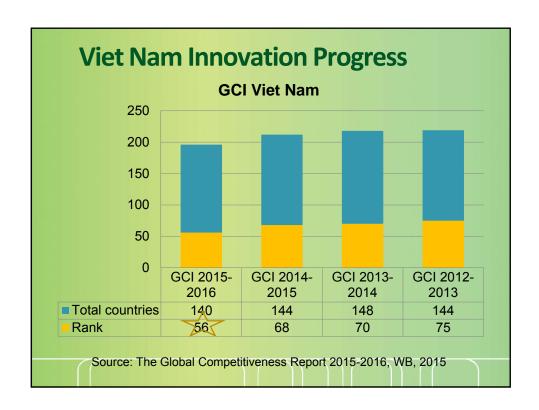


Role of SME in innovation ecosystem

SMEs:

- Key factor in the innovation ecosystem
- Bridge between scientific fields and the real world
- The ones who initiate many creative ideas
- Develop and deliver, through public and private innovation, high-performance products & solutions at a low cost, to solve day-to-day problems and national challenges.





Viet Nam Innovation Progress

Viet Nam Innovation Index 2015

- 1/14 middle-income countries outperforming in their income group: Republic of Moldova, China, Viet Nam, Armenia, Senegal, Mongolia, Malaysia, Montenegro, Ukraine, India, Bulgaria, Thailand, Morocco, Jordan.
- 1/8 innovation achievers: China, India, Jordan, Kenya, the Republic of Moldova, Mongolia, Malaysia, Viet Nam, outperforming their peers on the overall GII score during 2011–14
- 1/11 developing countries labelled 'innovation outperformers': Armenia, China, Georgia, India, Jordan, Kenya, Malaysia, the Republic of Moldova, Mongolia, Uganda, Viet Nam.

Source: The Global Innovation Index 2015, WIPO – Johnson Cornell University - INSEAD

VN Government initiatives

1. Support R&D

- Grant 30% R&D expenses
- Tax incentives: Enterprise R&D fund

2. IPRs registration, exploitation

- Online registration
- Online database

3. Technology transfer

- Favorable credit
- Tax incentives
- 4. Quality testing
- Focal national lab: 16 labs

5. Pilot production

- Favorable credit
- Tax exemption, reduction

6. Quality control, standard

 National program on enhancing productivity and product standard

7. Production premises

- Industrial parks/clusters
- Hi tech park

8. Marketing, export promotion

- National trade promotion program
- High quality Vietnamese products
- National Single Window (customs one-stop shop)

9. Public purchase

- Favorable conditions for small bidder

10, PPP, BDS, IBA

- "4 Nhà" model: Linkages among Government, Enterprise, Farmer and Scientist
- Inclusive biz accelerator/incubator

VN Government initiatives – Financing

SME Development Fund

- Under MPI
- Charter capital: VND 2000 billion (≈ USD 100 million)
- Entrust commercial banks to provide loans for business projects/plans belong to the List of sectors entitled to prioritized support from the Fund, aimed at enhancing SMEs' competitiveness and innovation
- Favorable interest rate (not exceeding 90% commercial interest rate)

National Technology Innovation Fund

- Under MOST
 - Charter capital: VND 1000 billion (≈ USD 50 million) >50% for funding project; <50% for funding concessional loan, interest support and loan guarantee
 - Funding activities: Technology transfer, inclusive innovation business development, technology transfer for agricultural and rural development; technology transfer in remote area, training and inclusive innovation consultants for enterprises.

Best practices of SME innovation in agriculture sector

- 1. Flower production model at Dalat Hasfarm Ltd.
- 2. Contract farming and agro-processing at Vinamit Co.
- 3. "Small farm, large field" model for rice production in Mekong River Delta.
- 4. Vertical integration to ensure biosecurity in catfish production and export in Mekong River Delta.
- 5. Innovation in Ginger value chain Dragon Capital Co.

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1. Flower production model at Dalat Hasfarm Ltd.

- Activity: Grow flowers for exports.
- Scale:
- 3 flower farms in Lam Dong with 55 ha of greenhouse.
- Cooperate with more than 1,700 farmers.
- Successes:
- Total revenue reached 32 million USD in 2011.
- Viet Nam's leading exporter of flowers to demanding markets such as Japan, Australia, Taiwan, Russia, etc.
- Recognized as a leading flower producer in South-East Asia by America's Flowers Tech Magazine.



- Optimal application of technologies
- Flowers are grown in greenhouses under automatically monitored farming process. Nutrition for flower plants is scientifically defined and accurately prepared
- Produce high quality and wide variety
 Import flower varieties from Holland and Europe.
 Invest in R&D to have new kinds each year

- Contract farming with local farmers
- The company provides breeding plants, technical assistance and buys output (5% of the total amount of flowers by Hasfarm)
- Efficient processing and distribution system
- Strict control on harvesting, classifying, cooling (4-10°C), and transporting flowers.
- A system of agents and stores all over the economy

2. Contract farming and agro-processing at Vinamit Co.

- Activity: Produce and export dried agricultural products.
- Scale:
- 2 processing factories, producing 20 tons/day.
- Successes:
- Account for 90% of domestic market.
- Export 60% of outputs to ASEAN, China, Taiwan, Hong Kong, Japan and demanding markets in Europe and North America.



- Cooperating with scientists in applying high-quality breed
 - Cooperate with research institutes and universities in selecting high-quality breeds and introduce those to farmers
- Applying modern processing technologies and international quality standards (e.g. BVQI, HACCP, GMP, ISO)
- Develop stable supply of raw materials
 - Contract farming: Vinamit supplies breeds, monitors farming and buys outputs from farmers at market price throughout 8 years.
 - Self-produced materials: Develop companies' raw material areas of 50,000 ha in many provinces to supply more than 50% of Vinamit's input demand.

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3. "Small farm, large field" model for rice production in MRD

- Activity: Rice farming on large scale for exports.
- Scale: more than 6,400 farmer households from 12 out of 13 provinces in Mekong River Delta; the project area reaches 8,000 ha.
- Successes:
- Production costs decreases by 30% compared with small and separated producers.
- Average yields are high (7.5 8 tons/ha).
- Profit rises by 150% compared with small and nonintegrated producers.



- Developing a complete value chain
 - Integrating 4 stakeholders (i.e. Government, enterprise, scientist and farmer) in a closed value chain from production to selling outputs and distribution
- Applying advanced technologies and scientific achievements
 - Comply with quality standards (VietGAP, GLOBALGAP).
 - Mechanize production and apply scientific advances on the large field to increase yield

4. Vertical integration to ensure biosecurity in catfish production and export in MRD

- Activity: produce and export quality catfish products.
- Scale: cooperation in large-scale production area of Mekong River Delta to improve biosecurity.
- Successes:
- Since 2008, 90% of catfish outputs are exported, accounting for more than 30% of national seafood export values.
- Many enterprises have been certified for international standards (GlobalGAP, SQF1000, AquaGAP, BAP, FOS...)

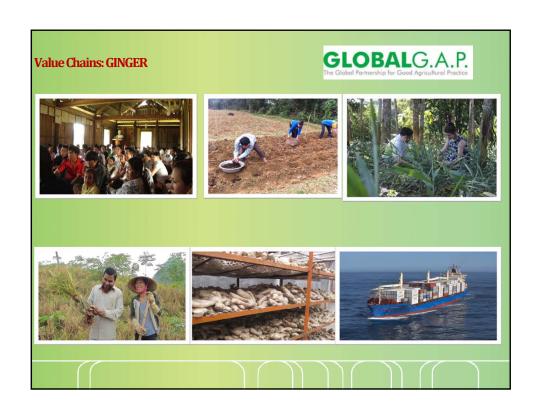


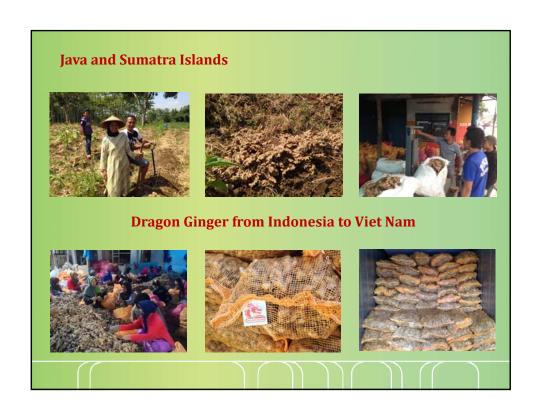
- Creating vertical integration within the industry
 - Integration between feed producers, farmers and processing enterprises, with supports from the government and strong cooperation with scientists.
 - The integrated chain helps develop hygienic catfish production areas from hatchlings to processed goods
- State investment in science and technology
 - An Giang Aquaculture Breeding Center has been developed to multiply hatchlings that meet European standards

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5. Innovation in Ginger value chain – Dragon Viet Nam Investment Co.

- Activity: produce & export Ginger product.
- Scale:
- 210 ha of ginger plantations in the poor districts of Nghe An, Hoa Binh,
 Yen Bai and Phu Tho provinces in North West Viet Nam.
- Contract farming with more than 2000 poor ethnic minority households in mountainous areas.
- Import ginger from Indonesia (Java & Sumatra)
- Successes:
- Export to Russia, India, EU market
- Income of farmers increase 3-5 times more than traditional crops (corn, cassava)
- ANNUALY Creating more than 10,000 working day of income for ethnic minority peoples participating in Ginger plantation and production.









- Cooperating with scientists in developing new varieties of Gingers
 - Cooperate with research institutes and universities in selecting high-quality gingers and introduce those to farmers
- Incubated in Hanoi Food Processing Incubator (State unit)
- Applying modern processing technologies and international quality standards (e.g. Global G.A.P, ISO)
- Develop stable supply of raw materials
 - Contract farming: Dragon supplies breeds, training for ginger growers, monitors farming and buys outputs from farmers.
 - Develop pilot model of Ginger farming for ethnic people

